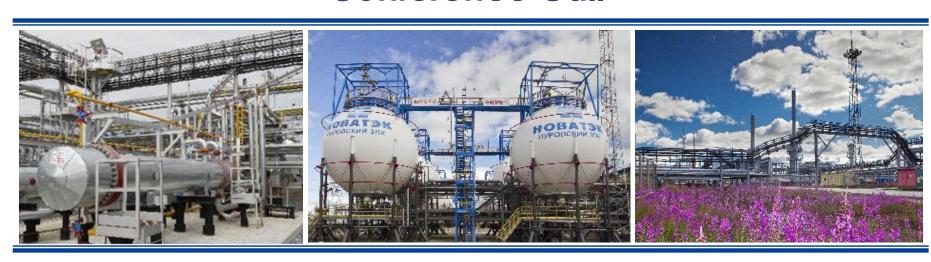


Third Quarter 2012 Operational and Financial Results Conference Call



Mark A. Gyetvay, Chief Financial Officer and Member of the Board of Directors Moscow, Russian Federation 13 November 2012

Disclaimer – Forward Looking Statement

Matters discussed in this presentation may constitute forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include statements concerning plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events or performance, and underlying assumptions and other statements, which are other than statements of historical facts. The words "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intends," "estimate," "forecast," "project," "will," "may," "should" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include statements regarding: strategies, outlook and growth prospects; future plans and potential for future growth; liquidity, capital resources and capital expenditures; growth in demand for our products; economic outlook and industry trends; developments of our markets; the impact of regulatory initiatives; and the strength of our competitors.

The forward-looking statements in this presentation are based upon various assumptions, many of which are based, in turn, upon further assumptions, including without limitation, management's examination of historical operating trends, data contained in our records and other data available from third parties. Although we believe that these assumptions were reasonable when made, these assumptions are inherently subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies which are difficult or impossible to predict and are beyond our control and we may not achieve or accomplish these expectations, beliefs or projections. In addition, important factors that, in our view, could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements include:

- changes in the balance of oil and gas supply and demand in Russia and Europe;
- the effects of domestic and international oil and gas price volatility and changes in regulatory conditions, including prices and taxes;
- the effects of competition in the domestic and export oil and gas markets;
- our ability to successfully implement any of our business strategies;
- the impact of our expansion on our revenue potential, cost basis and margins;
- our ability to produce target volumes in the face of restrictions on our access to transportation infrastructure;
- the effects of changes to our capital expenditure projections on the growth of our production;
- inherent uncertainties in interpreting geophysical data;
- commercial negotiations regarding oil and gas sales contracts;
- changes to project schedules and estimated completion dates;
- potentially lower production levels in the future than currently estimated by our management and/or independent petroleum reservoir engineers;
- our ability to service our existing indebtedness;
- our ability to fund our future operations and capital needs through borrowing or otherwise;
- our success in identifying and managing risks to our businesses;
- our ability to obtain necessary regulatory approvals for our businesses;
- the effects of changes to the Russian legal framework concerning currently held and any newly acquired oil and gas production licenses;
- changes in political, social, legal or economic conditions in Russia and the CIS;
- the effects of, and changes in, the policies of the government of the Russian Federation, including the President and his administration, the Prime Minister, the Cabinet and the Prosecutor General and his office:
- the effects of international political events;
- the effects of technological changes;
- the effects of changes in accounting standards or practices; and
- inflation, interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations.

This list of important factors is not exhaustive. When relying on forward-looking statements, you should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and events, especially in light of the political, economic, social and legal environment in which we operate. Such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made. Accordingly, we do not undertake any obligation to update or revise any of them, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. We do not make any representation, warranty or prediction that the results anticipated by such forward-looking statements will be achieved, and such forward-looking statements represent, in each case, only one of many possible scenarios and should not be viewed as the most likely or standard scenario.

The information and opinions contained in this document are provided as at the date of this presentation and are subject to change without notice. By participating in this presentation or by accepting any copy of this document, you agree to be bound by the foregoing limitations.



Summary Highlights – 3Q 2012

- ☐ Increase in revenues driven by higher natural gas and liquids sales prices and volumes:
 - Natural gas sales increased Y-o-Y by 33.4% and Q-o-Q by 17.3%
 - Liquids sales increased Y-o-Y by 28.9% and Q-o-Q by 16.1%
- EBITDA increased Y-o-Y by 33.8% and Q-o-Q by 23.7%
- □ Capital expenditures increased Y-o-Y by 52.5% to RR 11,480 million in accordance with our announced capital plans
- **Natural gas production decreased** Y-o-Y by 2.9% due to a transfer of natural gas injection into the UGSF from the third quarter to second quarter in 2012
- Cash flow from operations increased Y-o-Y by 89.7% to RR 23,821 million from RR 12,560 million due to higher natural gas and liquids sales volumes and prices
- **EPS increased** Y-o-Y by 140.3% and Q-o-Q by 107.0% to RR 6.59
- On 6th November 2012, the Group signed an agreement with a third party to **acquire 49% equity** shares of ZAO Nortgas, subject to certain conditions to be met by both parties for the total consideration of USD 1,375 million payable upon the title transfer



Acquisition of a 49% Stake in Nortgas

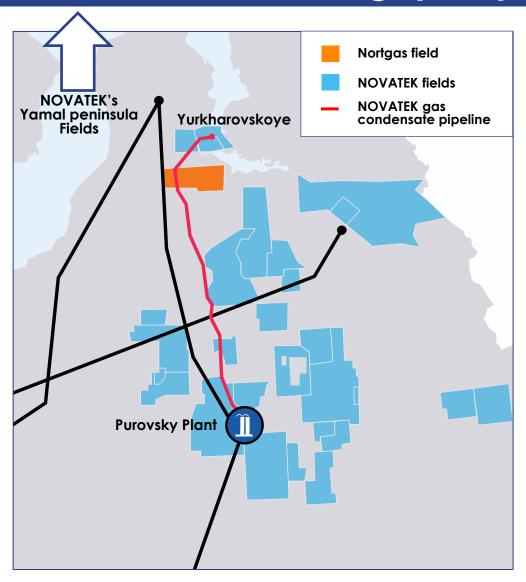


Transaction Summary

- NOVATEK concluded **an agreement to acquire a 49% equity stake in ZAO Nortgas** from R.E.D.I. HOLDINGS for USD1,375 million (the remaining 51% is indirectly held by Gazprom)
- □ Nortgas holds the **hydrocarbon production license for the Severo-Urengoyskoye** field in YNAO
- All of the necessary corporate approvals have been received to effectively close the deal, as well as receiving the tentative agreement from the Federal Antimonopoly Service of the Russian Federation approving the transaction and Gazprom's waiver of its pre-emptive rights to acquire the stake
- ☐ The transaction is expected to close by year-end 2012
- ☐ The acquired stake will be accounted for on an equity basis



Severo-Urengoyskoye Field Highlights



The Severo-Urengoyskoye field is located 25 km south of NOVATEK's Yurkharovskoye field

Total PRMS proved reserves as of 31 December 2011

- 225 bcm of natural gas
- ✓ 27 mmt of liquids, or
- ✓ 1.7 bln boe of hydrocarbons

Existing infrastructure: 50 production wells, gas treatment unit with processing capacity of 5.5 bcm per annum, a booster compressor station, gas and gas condensate pipeline connections

Current annual production level (2012)

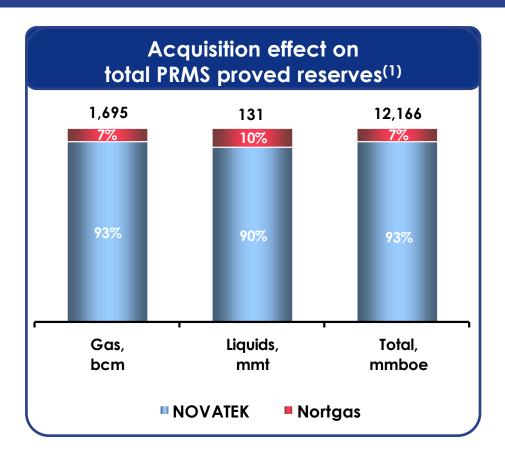
- √ ~4.2 bcm of natural gas
- √ ~0.4 mmt of gas condensate

Peak annual production level

- √ ~9.0 to 10 bcm of gas
- √ ~1.4 mmt of gas condensate



Effect on Reserves and Production



829 mm boe of PRMS proved reserves added for an acquisition price of \$1.66 per boe

- A 49% share in current Nortgas production equals to 3.6% of current gas production and 5.0% of liquids production by NOVATEK
- Hydrocarbon deposits at the field are allocated between the Eastern and Western domes
- Production at the Western dome started in 2001
- Production launch at the Eastern dome is estimated to more than **double** the field's natural gas production and **triple** production of gas condensate
- Nortgas has the same production upside as NOVATEK (2x- gas production, 3x- gas condensate), but it will be achieved faster and accelerate NOVATEK's overall production growth rate in the mid-term

Note: NOVATEK's reserves and its share (49%) in Nortgas proved reserves according to appraisals by DeGolyer and MacNaughton as of 31.12.2011 using the PRMS reserve methodology



Acquisition Rationale

Value accretive

- Acquire proved PRMS reserves at \$1.66 per boe as compared to \$1.3 per boe paid for Sibneftegas reserves in 2010
- While almost all of Sibneftegas' reserves are dry natural gas, about 13% of Nortgas' reserves are liquid hydrocarbons, which significantly increases the economic value of the transaction and justifies the higher reserve base multiple
- Majority of the field's capital expenditures has already been incurred implying low capital intensity to maximize free cash flow generation
- Producing asset generating cash flows

Material production upside

- Nortgas has the same production upside as NOVATEK with the development of the Eastern dome
- Consistent with NOVATEK's strategy of accelerated liquids production growth
- Convenient location close to NOVATEK's core producing fields and transportation and processing infrastructure: significant synergies mainly driven by processing of gas condensate at the Purovsky Plant



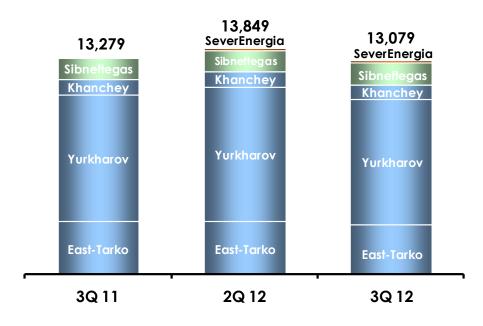
Operational Overview

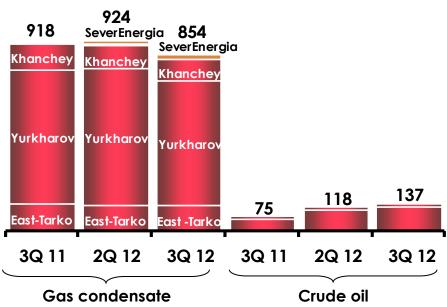


Hydrocarbon Production

Natural Gas Production, mmcm

Liquids Production, mt





Natural gas production decreased Y-o-Y due to:

 the planned earlier injection of natural gas into the UGSF in the 2Q rather than the 3Q to minimize transportation expense after the indexation of gas transport tariffs effective 1 July 2012

<u>Liquids production decreased Y-o-Y due to:</u>

- Decreased gas condensate production at our core producing fields was the result of natural declines in the concentration of gas condensate in extracted gas
- Partially offset by an increase in crude oil production at our East-Tarko and Khanchey fields due to development of crude oil deposits



Purovsky Plant & Vitino Sea Port Terminal

- Total volumes delivered: 925 mt
 - Yurkharovskoye field: 599 mt
 - East-Tarkosalinskoye and Khancheyskoye fields:
 248 mt
 - Purchases from our joint venture: 73 mt
 - Other: 5 mt
- Total plant output: 918 mt
 - Stable gas condensate: 711 mt
 - LPG: 203 mt
 - Methanol: ~ 4 mt
- Plant capacity: approximately 74%
- ☐ 725 mt were dispatched from Vitino Sea Port Terminal (SGC)
 - to Asian-Pacific Region ~ 604 mt
 - to Europe ~ 61 mt
 - to South America ~ 60 mt
- Stable gas condensate inventory reconciliation
 - Tankers in transit ~ 122 mt
 - Rail road cisterns and port storage facilities ~ 124 mt
 - Purovsky Plant storage facilities ~ 22 mt
- Export volumes of LPG: ~ 55% of total LPG volumes

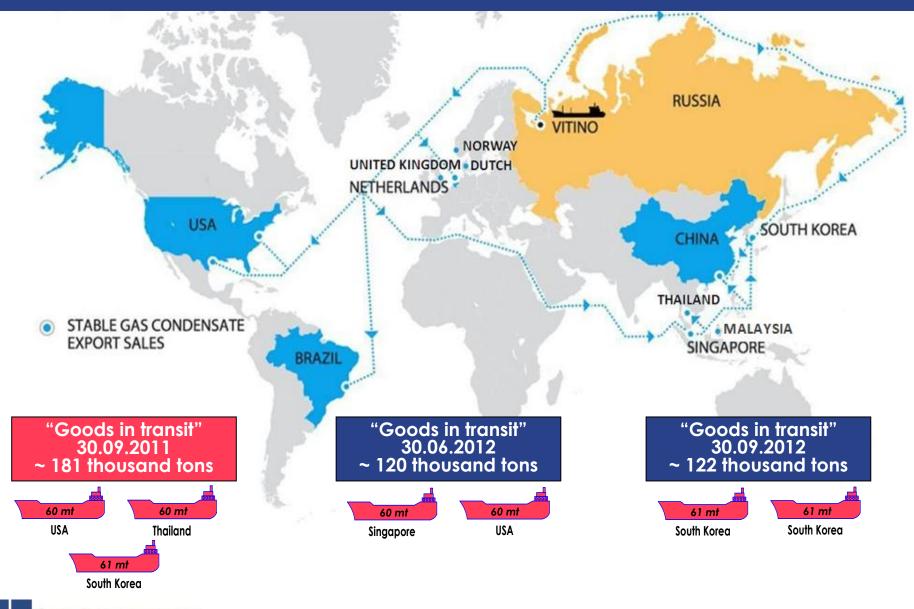








Stable Gas Condensate in Transit





Financial Overview – 3Q 12 vs. 3Q 11



Comparison of Quarterly Results (RR million)

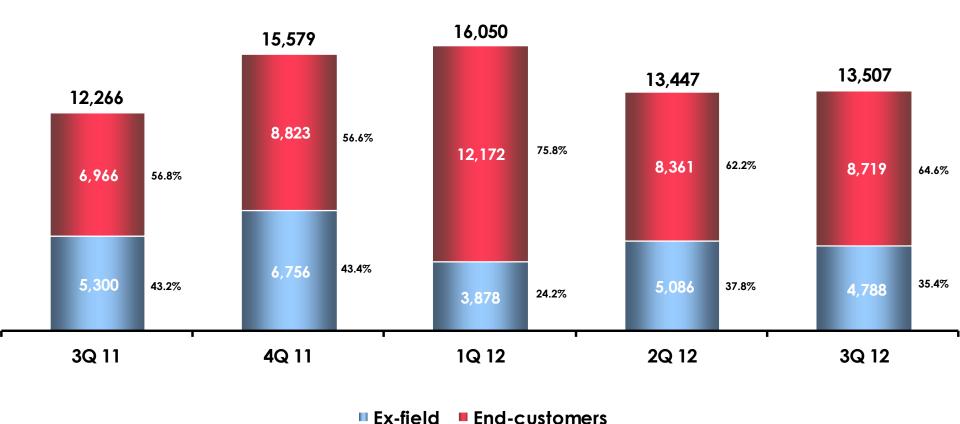
	3Q 11	4Q 11	1Q 12	2Q 12	3Q 12	Q-o-Q +/- %	Y-o-Y +/- %
Oil and gas sales	39,888	50,544	54,152	44,984	52,562	16.8%	31.8%
Total revenues	40,033	50,718	54,373	45,145	52,731	16.8%	31.7%
Operating expenses	(22,921)	(28,980)	(31,851)	(26,780)	(29,845)	11.4%	30.2%
EBITDA (1)	18,877	86,692	24,217	20,414	25,252	23.7%	33.8%
EBITDA margin	47.2%	170.9%	44.5%	45.2%	47.9%		
Normalized EBITDA (2)	18,877	23,744	24,217	20,414	25,252	23.7%	33.8%
Normalized EBITDA margin	47.2%	46.8%	44.5%	45.2%	47.9%		
Effective income tax rate	21.7%	5.7%	21.9%	20.9%	20.9%		
Profit attributable to NOVATEK	8,322	78,227	21,245	9,663	20,003	107.0%	140.4%
Profit margin	20.8%	154.2%	39.1%	21.4%	37.9%		
Normalized earnings per share	2.74	5.04	7.00	3.18	6.59	107.0%	140.3%
CAPEX (3)	7,527	9,663	7,519	12,270	11,480	-6.4%	52.5%
Net debt (4)	78,903	71,647	48,045	77,818	67,187	-13.7%	-14.8%

Notes:

- 1. EBITDA represents profit (loss) attributable to shareholders of OAO NOVATEK adjusted for the addback of net impairment expenses (reversals), income tax expense, finance income (expense) and income (loss) from changes in fair value of derivative financial instruments from the Consolidated Statement of Income, and depreciation, depletion and amortization from the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
- 2. Normalized EBITDA and normalized earnings per share exclude net gain on disposal of interest in subsidiaries
- 3. CAPEX represents additions to property, plant and equipment excluding acquisition of mineral licenses
- 4. Net debt calculated as long-term debt plus short-term debt less cash and cash equivalents



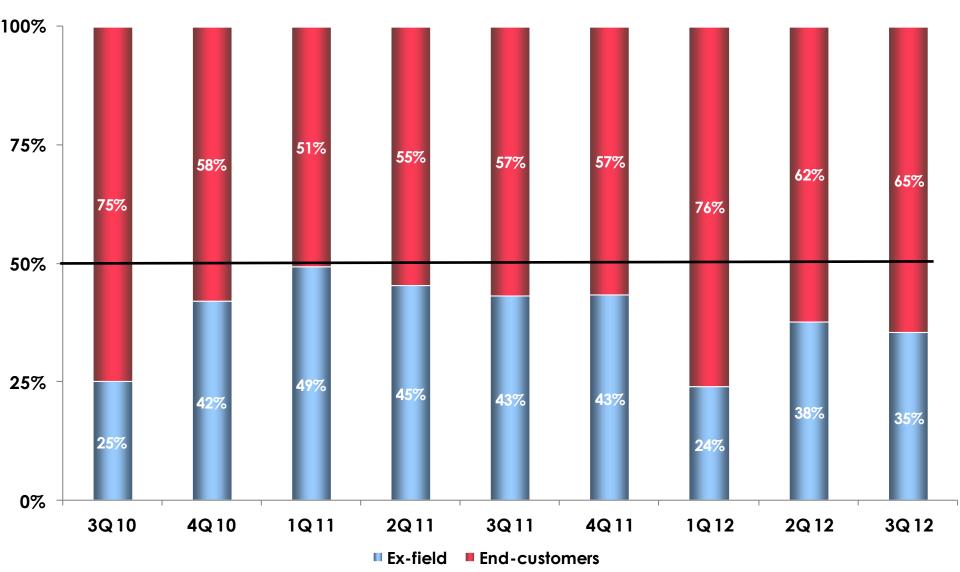
Market Distribution – Gas Sales Volumes (mmcm)



- Y-o-Y increase in natural gas sales volumes was due to the commencement of purchases from our related party SIBUR Holding effective from 1 January 2012
- Our proportion of natural gas sold to end-customers increased Y-o-Y due to higher natural gas deliveries to the Chelyabinsk region as a result of the acquisition of regional gas trader Gazprom mezhregiongas Chelyabinsk in November 2011

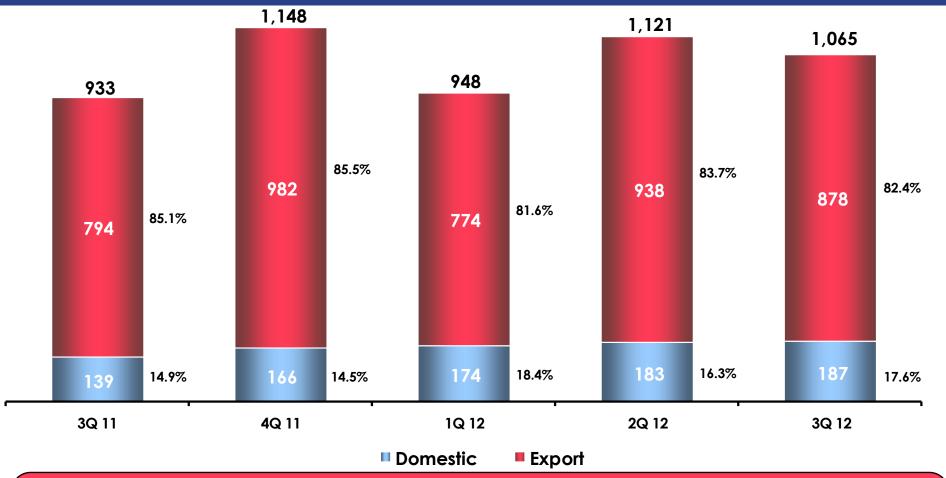


Natural Gas Sales Volume Mix





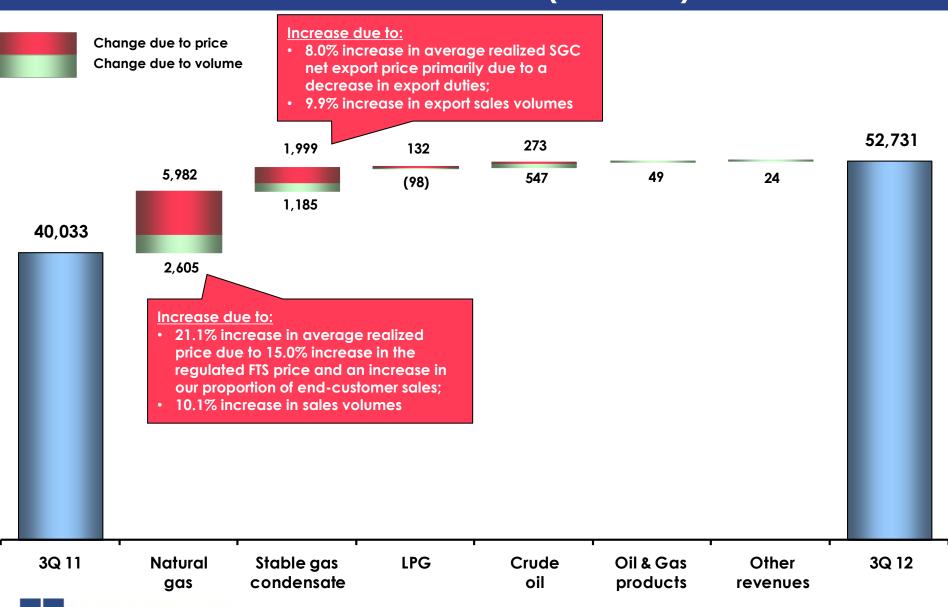
Market Distribution – Liquids Sales Volumes (mt)



- Y-o-Y increase in liquids sales volumes was primarily due to the initiation of unstable gas condensate purchases from our joint venture in April 2012, as well as a decrease in our SGC inventory balances during 3Q 2012 compared to an increase in 3Q 2011
- Q-o-Q decrease in liquids sales volumes was due to a decrease in gas condensate production at our core
 producing fields



Total Revenues (RR million)



Total Revenues Breakdown



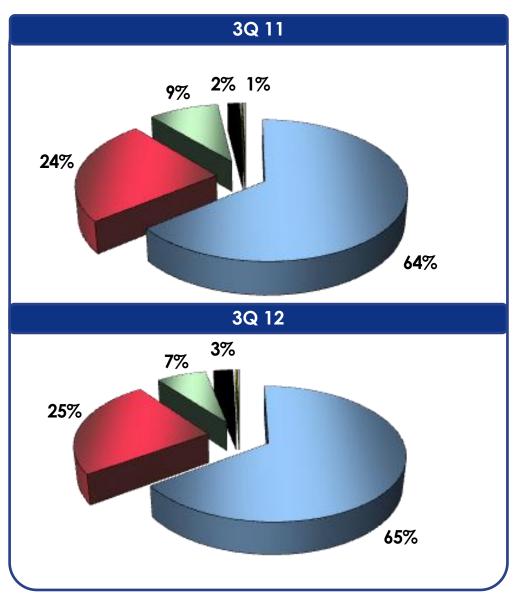
■ Stable gas condensate

LPG

■ Crude oil

Oil and gas products

■ Other





Realized Hydrocarbon Prices (net of VAT and export duties)

3Q 11	3Q 12	+/(-)	+/(-)%		2Q 12	3Q 12	+/(-)	+/(-)%
				Domestic prices				
2,637	3,050	413	15.7%	Natural gas end-customers, RR/mcm	2,652	3,050	398	15.0%
1,390	1,619	229	16.5%	Natural gas ex-field, RR/mcm	1,399	1,619	220	15.7%
-	12,278	n/a	n/a	Stable gas condensate, RR/ton	12,335	12,278	(57)	-0.5%
14,173	14,199	26	0.2%	LPG, RR/ton	13,704	14,199	495	3.6%
9,046	11,144	2,098	23.2%	Crude oil, RR/ton	10,313	11,144	831	8.1%
9,998	10,643	645	6.5%	Methanol, RR/ton	10,896	10,643	(253)	-2.3%
				Export market				
14,817	17,629	2,812	19.0%	Stable gas condensate, RR/ton	13,387	17,629	4,242	31.7%
21,148	22,128	980	4.6%	LPG, RR/ton	21,263	22,128	865	4.1%
10,707	13,133	2,426	22.7%	Crude oil, RR/ton	9,916	13,133	3,217	32.4%

Note: Prices are shown excluding liquids trading activities and excluding natural gas volumes purchased for resale in the location of end-customers



Operating Expenses (RR million and % of Total Revenues (TR))

3Q 11	% of TR	3Q 12	% of TR		2Q 12	% of TR	3Q 12	% of TR
11,795	29.5%	14,235	27.0%	Transportation expenses	13,035	28.9%	14,235	27.0%
4,443	11.1%	4,120	7.8%	Taxes other than income tax	4,375	9.7%	4,120	7.8%
16,238	40.6%	18,355	34.8%	Non-controllable expenses	17,410	38.6%	18,355	34.8%
2,291	5.7%	2,560	4.9%	Depreciation and amortization	2,483	5.5%	2,560	4.9%
1,760	4.4%	2,245	4.3%	General and administrative	2,594	5.7%	2,245	4.3%
1,572	3.9%	1,716	3.3%	Materials, services & other	1,836	4.1%	1,716	3.3%
640	1.6%	330	0.6%	Exploration expenses	(597)	n/m	330	n/m
51	n/m	(15)	n/m	Net impairment expenses (reversals) Change in natural gas, liquids	39	n/m	(15)	n/m
(569)	n/m	(178)	n/m	and WIP	(408)	n/m	(178)	n/m
21,983	54.9%	25,013	47.4%	Subtotal operating expenses	23,357	51.7%	25,013	47.4%
938	2.4%	4,832	9.2%	Purchases of natural gas and liquid hydrocarbons	3,423	7.6%	4,832	9.2%
22,921	57.3%	29,845	56.6%	Total operating expenses	26,780	59.3%	29,845	56.6%

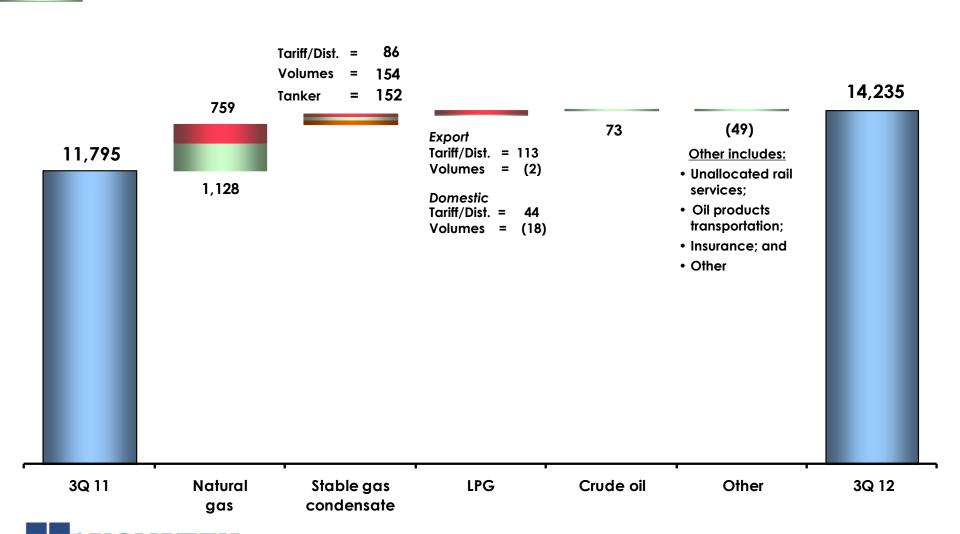
- Operating expenses increased Y-o-Y and Q-o-Q by 30.2% and 11.4%, respectively, due to an increase in purchases of natural gas and liquid hydrocarbons, as well as higher transportation expenses
- ☐ Transportation expenses increased Y-o-Y and Q-o-Q due to a 13.1% and 4.2% increase in our sales volumes of natural gas to end-customers, respectively, for which we incurred transportation costs, as well as a 7% average increase in the natural gas transportation tariff set by the FTS effective from 1 July 2012
- Taxes other than income tax decreased Y-o-Y primarily due to an application of zero UPT rate for crude oil effective from 1 January 2012
- Depreciation, depletion and amortization expense increased Y-o-Y by 11.7% due to an increase in our depletable cost base
- Our hydrocarbon purchases increased Y-o-Y due primarily to the commencement of natural gas purchases from our related party SIBUR Holding effective 1 January 2012 and, to a lesser extent, due to the commencement of unstable gas condensate purchases from our joint venture SeverEnergia from April 2012



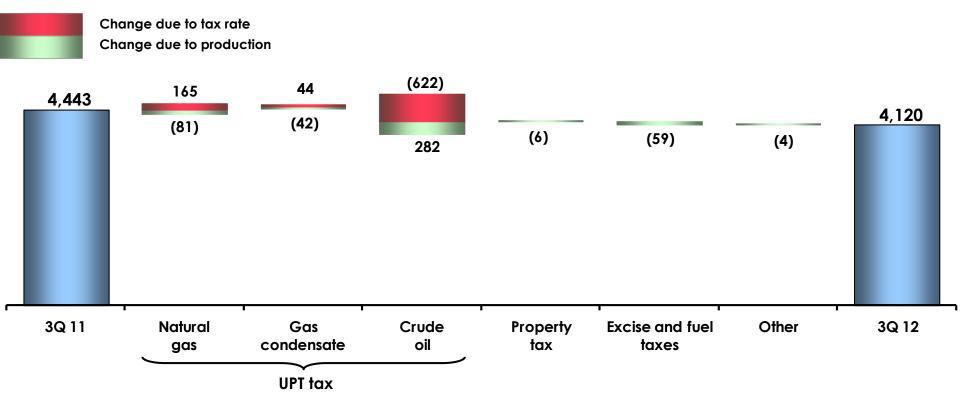
Transportation Expenses (RR million)



Change due to tariffs/distance Change due to volume



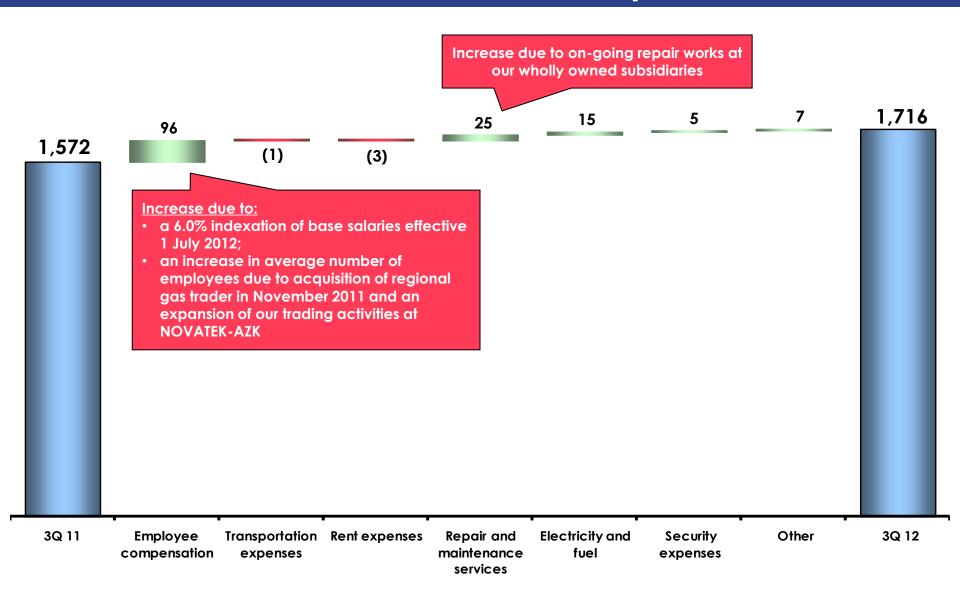
Taxes Other Than Income Tax Expense (RR million)



- The increase in UPT expense for natural gas was primarily due to a 5.9% increase in the natural gas production tax rate effective 1 January 2012 (RR 251 per mcm in 3Q 12 versus RR 237 per mcm in 3Q 11), which was partially offset by a 2.9% decrease in our production volumes
- Effective from 1 January 2012, we utilized a zero UPT rate for crude oil produced at our East-Tarko and Khanchey fields due to amendments to the Russian Tax Code for fields producing crude oil north of 65 degree latitude
- The decrease in excise and fuel taxes expense in respect of LPG sales through our subsidiary Novatek Polska was due to an increase in the proportion of sales volumes which are not subject to excise and fuel taxation

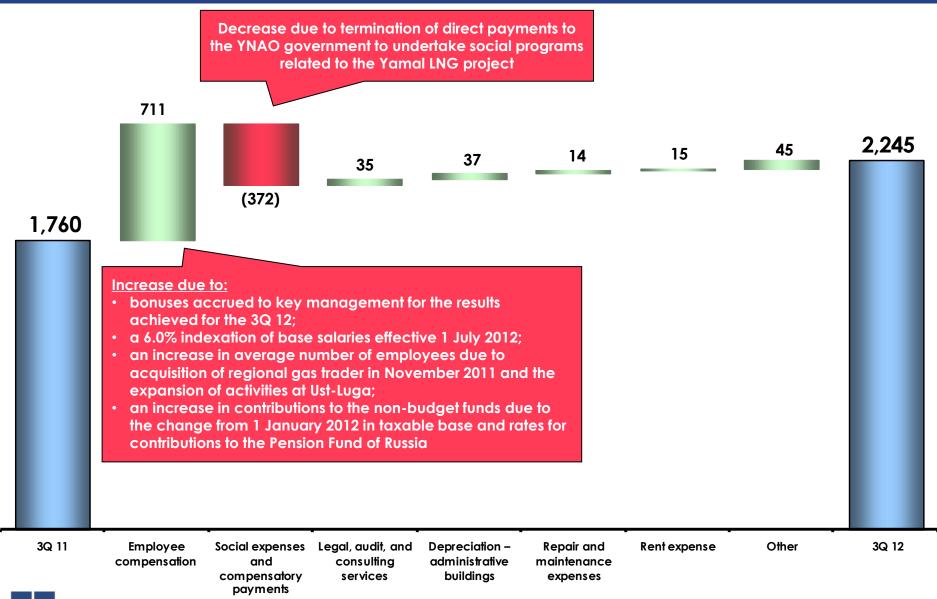


Materials, Services and Other Expenses (RR million)



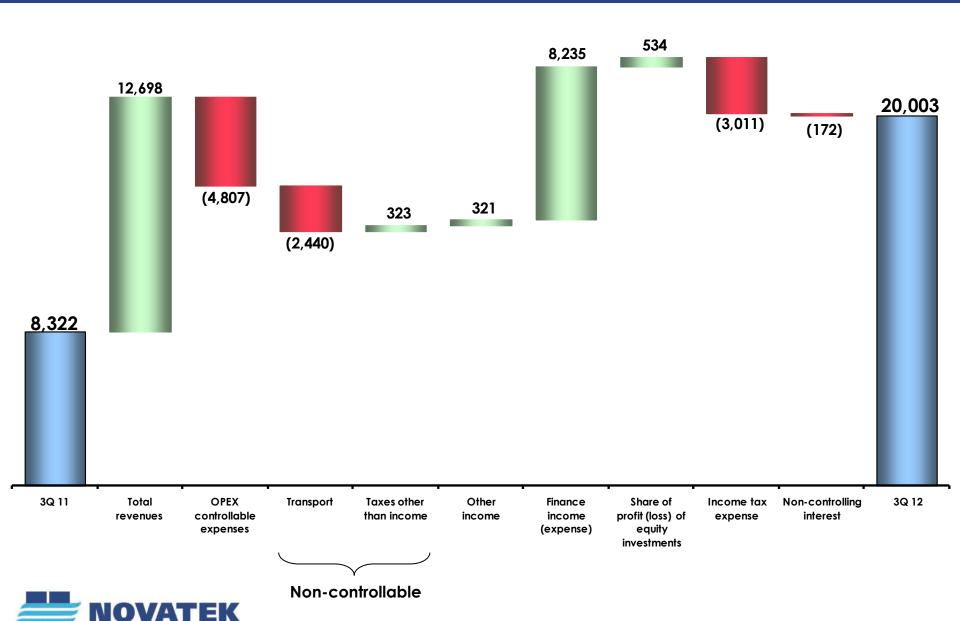


General and Administrative Expenses (RR million)





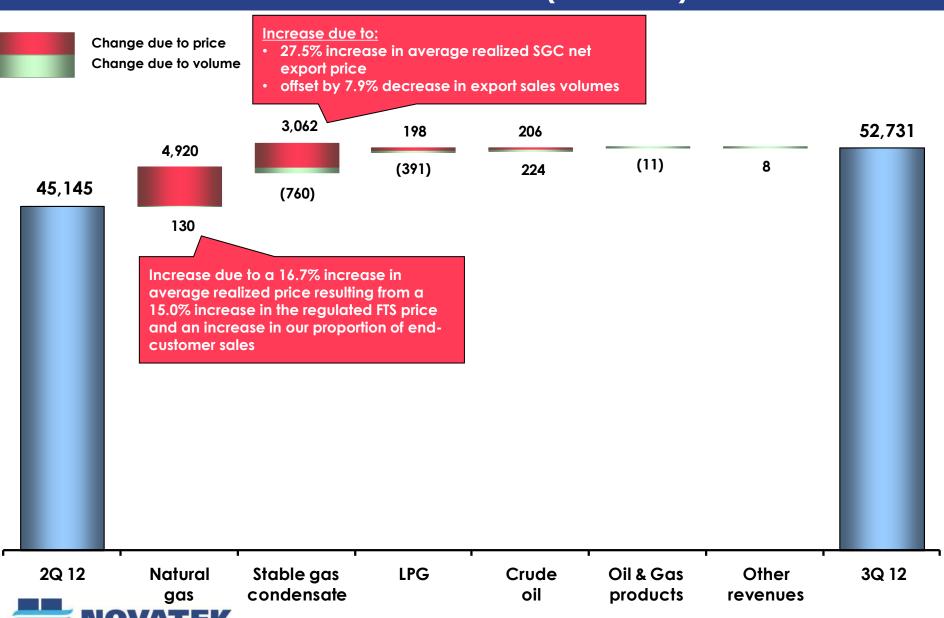
Profit Attributable to NOVATEK Shareholders (RR million)



Financial Overview – 3Q 12 vs. 2Q 12



Total Revenues (RR million)



Total Revenues Breakdown



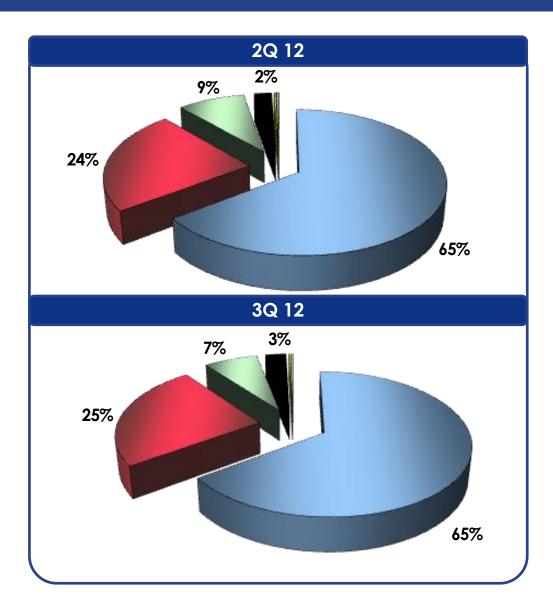
■Stable gas condensate

LPG

■Crude oil

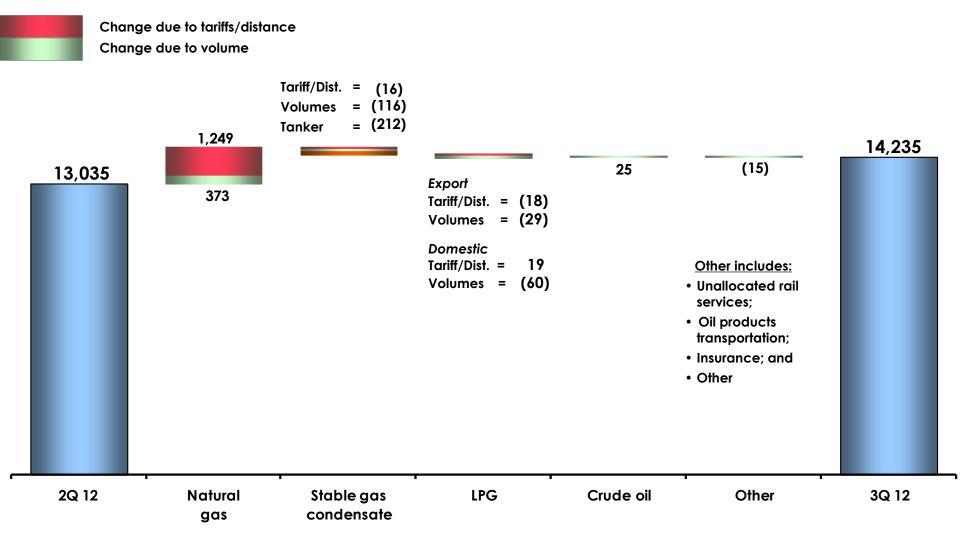
Oil and gas products

■Other



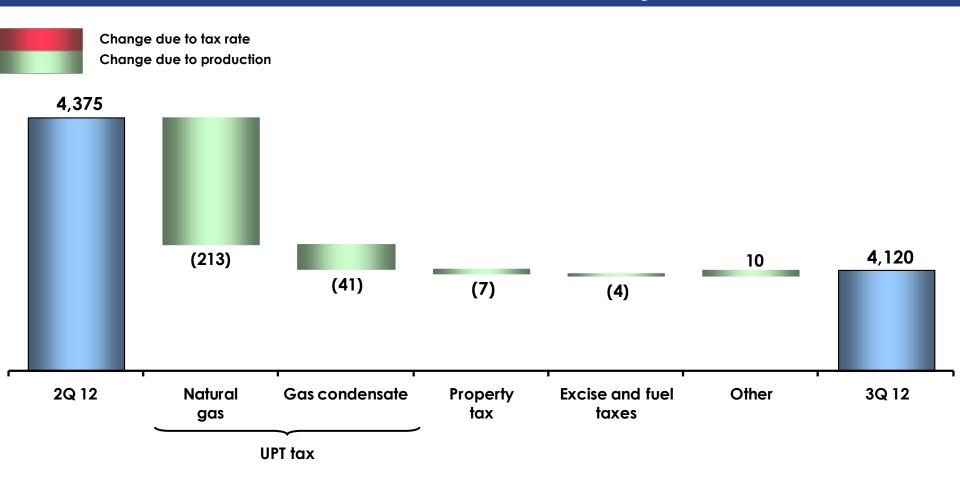


Transportation Expenses (RR million)





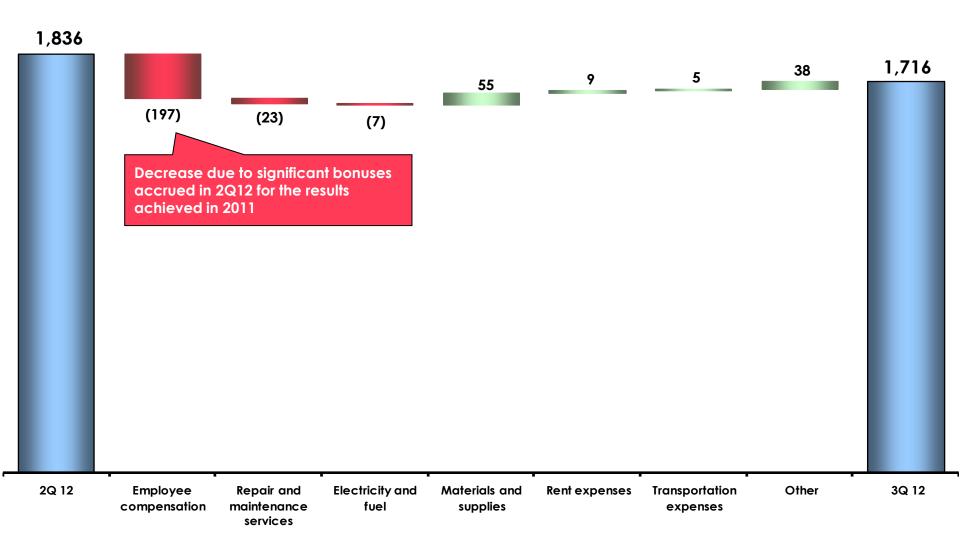
Taxes Other Than Income Tax Expense (RR million)



The decrease in UPT expense for natural gas and gas condensate was primarily due to a decrease in production volumes by 6.8% and 8.1% respectively

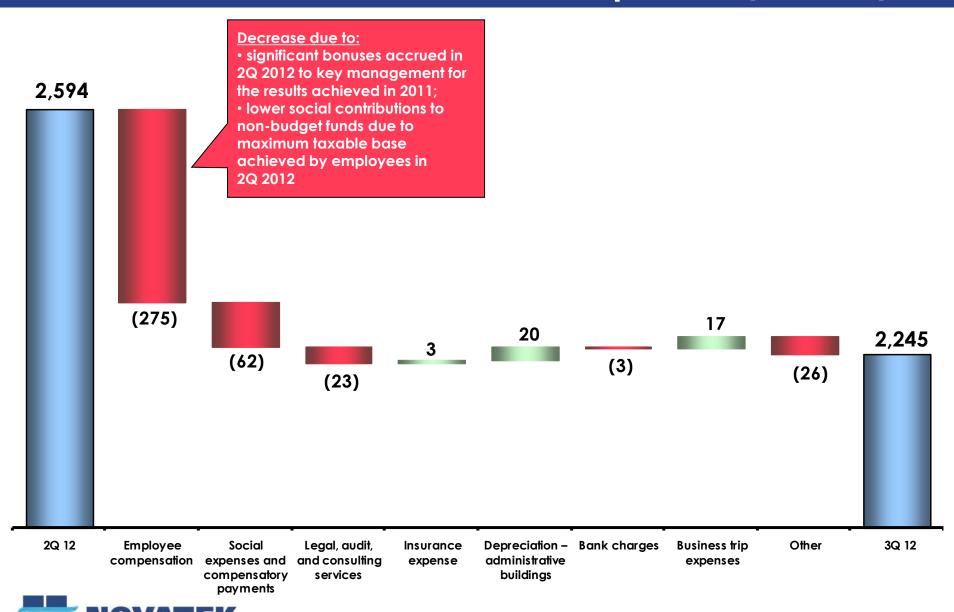


Materials, Services and Other Expenses (RR million)

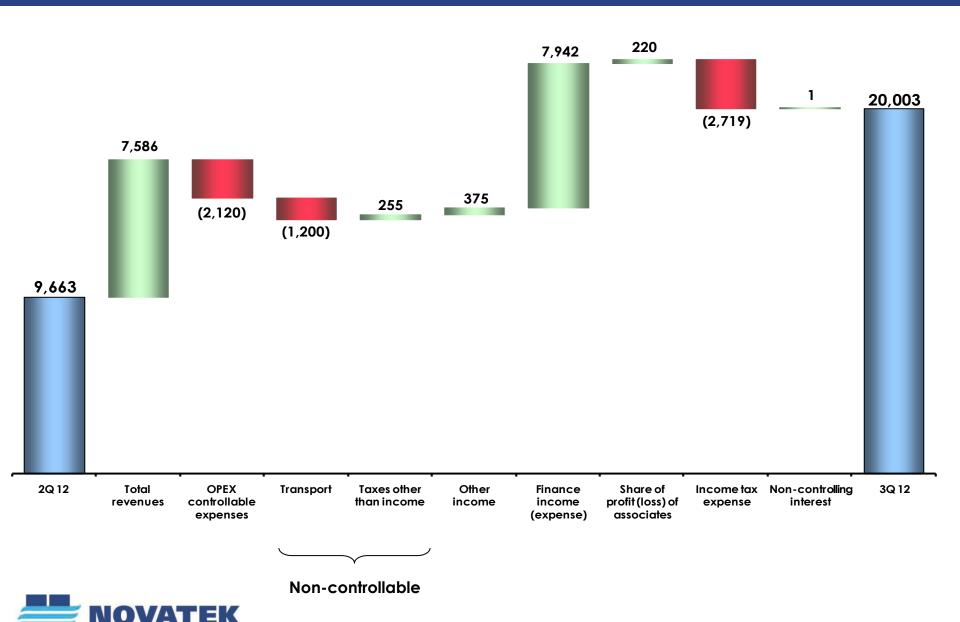




General and Administrative Expenses (RR million)



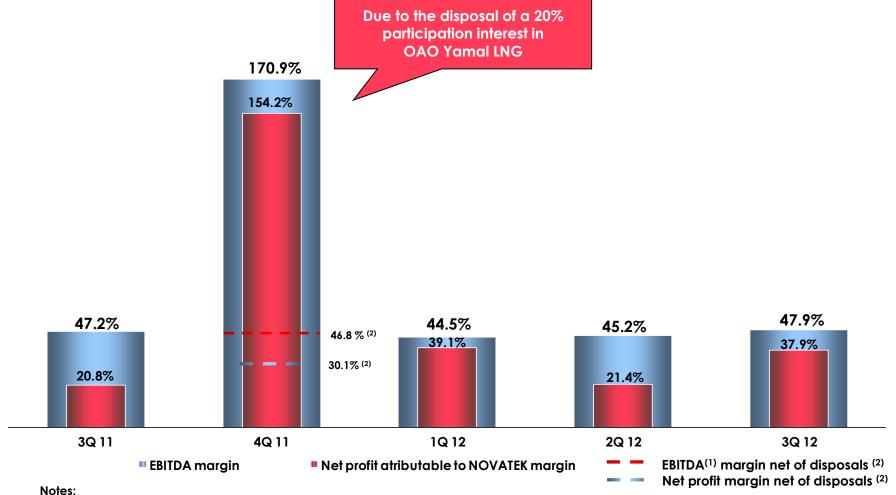
Profit Attributable to NOVATEK Shareholders (RR million)



Appendices



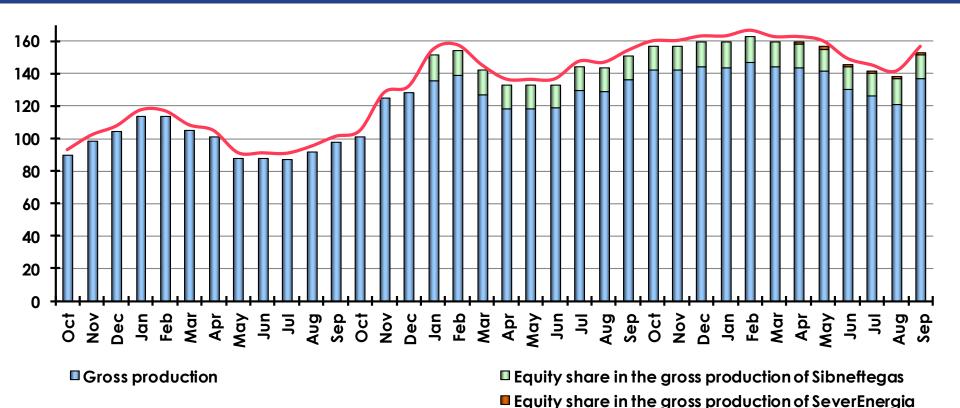
Maintaining Margins (% of total revenues)



- 1. EBITDA represents profit (loss) attributable to shareholders of OAO NOVATEK adjusted for the addback of net impairment expenses (reversals), income tax expense, finance income (expense) and income (loss) from changes in fair value of derivative financial instruments from the Consolidated Statement of Income, and depreciation, depletion and amortization from the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
- 2. Adjusted net profit attributable to NOVATEK margin and adjusted EBITDA margin exclude net gain on disposal of subsidiaries



Increasing Natural Gas Production (mmcm per day)



2009 Avg. 90 mmcm/day 3,171 bcf/day

2009

2010

2010 Avg. 103 mmcm/day 3,655 bcf/day 2011

2011 Avg. 147 mmcm/day 5,180 bcf/day 2012

3Q 12 Avg. 144 mmcm/day 5,102 bcf/day

9M 12 Avg. 153 mmcm/day 5,409 bcf/day

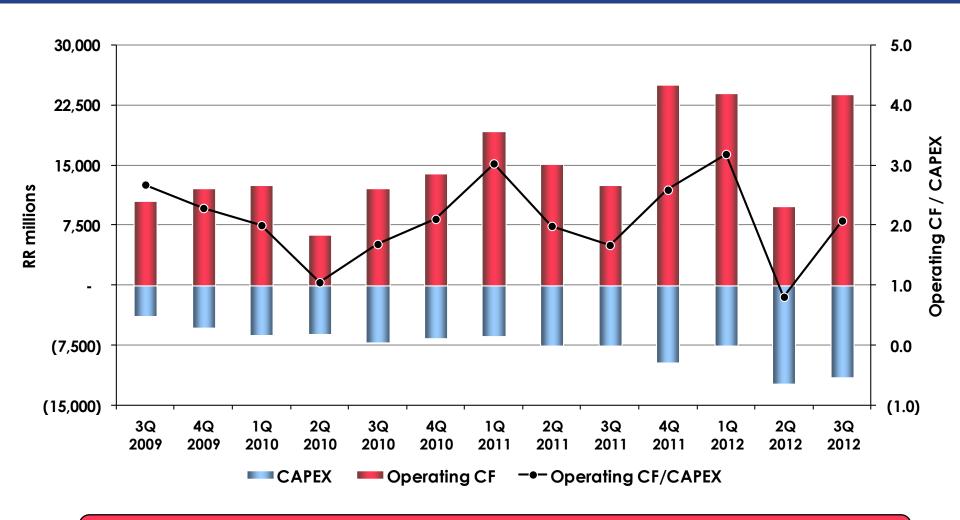


Condensed Balance Sheet (RR million)

	30 September 2012 31 D	ecember 2011	+/(-)	+/(-)%
Total current assets	48,702	58,316	(9,614)	-16.5%
Incl. Cash and cash equivalents	17,472	23,831	(6,359)	-26.7%
Total non-current assets	350,521	325,116	25,405	7.8%
Incl. Net PP&E	190,032	166,784	23,248	13.9%
Total assets	399,223	383,432	15,791	4.1%
Total current liabilities	33,869	50,114	(16,245)	-32.4%
Incl. ST debt and current portion of LT debt	18,938	20,298	(1,360)	-6.7%
Total non-current liabilities	83,120	91,636	(8,516)	-9.3%
Incl. Deferred incom e tax liability	13,933	12,805	1,128	8.8%
Incl. LT debt	65,721	75,180	(9,459)	-12.6%
Total liabilities	116,989	141,750	(24,761)	-17.5%
Total equity	282,234	241,682	40,552	16.8%
Total liabilities & equity	399,223	383,432	15,791	4.1%



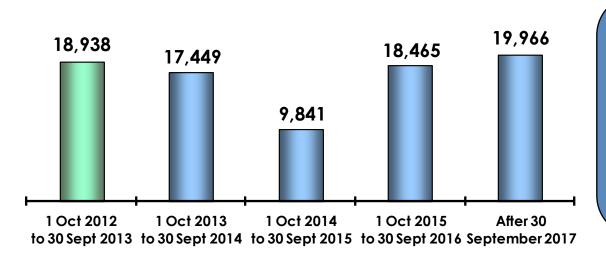
Internally Funded Investment Program



Core investments in upstream exploration, production and processing facilities funded primarily through internal cash flows



Total Debt Maturity Profile (RR million)



- ✓ In October 2012, the Group repaid the final tranche of loan from ZAO UniCredit Bank aggregating USD 20 million as scheduled
- ✓ In October 2012, the Group placed on the MICEX Stock Exchange the Russian rouble Bonds of RR 20 billion

Long-term debt

Current portion of long-term debt

Debt repayment schedule:

Up to 30 September 2013 – ZAO UniCredit Bank, RR denominated bonds, OAO Nordea Bank credit lines, Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Europe Limited
Up to 30 September 2014 – Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Europe Limited,
OAO Nordea Bank credit lines and Sberbank loan

Up to 30 September 2015 – Sberbank loan

Up to 30 September 2016 – 1 tranches of Eurobonds Five-Year

After 30 September 2017 – 1 tranches of Eurobonds Ten-Year

Note: Current debt maturity profile as of 30 September 2012 with repayments in the 12 months 30 September 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016 and after 30 September 2017



Questions and Answers

